(XXVIIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 1408)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1772.

SMYRNA, *April* 15.

THE Ruſſian ſhips are ſtationed in the canal of Chio, where the preſent circumſtances oblige them to remain. They ſeem however determined to prevent any proviſions being introduced into the capital, and have ſeized ſome veſſels that were laden with proviſions.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *May* 4. The Ruſſians have taken and carried to Paros Five French veſſels, laden with corn and rice, from Alexandria. Admiral Spiritoff ſent the Captains of them letters, declaring, that although the veſſels of neutral powers were permitted to come into any Ottoman port and unlade, ſtill thoſe laden with ammunition or proviſions were excepted, and conſequently they were not to be carried to Conſtantinople, Smyrna, Salonica, Chio, or Myteline, thoſe places being blocked up by the Ruſſian naval forces. Theſe papers, which were not ſigned, were ſent by the Captains to M. St. Priez, the French Ambaſſador, who wrote to the Ruſſian Admiral on the ſubject, and ſent advice thereof to his Court.

CADIZ, *May* 22. The St. Raphael, and St. Peter of Alcantara, two Spaniſh men of war from the Havanna, arrived in our Bay the 20th inſtant. They have brought home 7,345,979 piaſtres in gold and ſilver, beſides very rich cargoes in other effects. The Marquis de Croix, Captain General of the King's forces, and late Viceroy of Mexico, came home in the St. Raphael.

May 30. Yeſterday the flota, conſiſting of fourteen merchant ſhips and two men of war, ſailed for Vera Cruz.

PETERSBURG, *May* 29. The Empreſs has made an augmentation of one fifth to the appointments of all the officers of her army. Major General Lloyd is arrived here from London, and it is ſaid propoſes to enter into the ſervice of the Empreſs.

ALGIERS, *May* 30. The Daniſh Admiral Hoogland arrived here on the 7th inſt. with the fleet under his command; and on the 16th he ſaluted the town with 21 guns, which was returned with an equal number, as a ſignal that a treaty of peace had been agreed upon between his Daniſh Majeſty and this regency; and all hoſtilities are ceaſed.

VIENNA, *June* 10. The recruiting parties begin to appear in the ſtreets of this city, attended with different inſtruments of muſic, and enliſt men for the cavalry; which is a ceremony that has not been practiſed for many years.

Some publications have made their appearance here, ſetting forth the right of the Houſe of Auſtria to ſeveral provinces in Poland, but they are very ſcarce and difficult to come at.

COPENHAGEN, *June* 13. A few days ago arrived in the Sound an Engliſh Eaſt Indiaman, commanded by Capt. Holman. This ſhip now belongs to the Ruſſian Admiralty; ſhe is bound for Peterſburg, where ſhe is to take in new proviſions, and ammunitions and naval ſtores of all ſorts, and is then immediately to ſail for the Archipelago, to join the Ruſſian fleet there.

June 16. The grievances of the ſailors, ſet forth in the petition which they preſented to the King on the 6th, having been examined into and found groundleſs, their demands were refuſed, and they were told they muſt abide by the ancient regulations or be diſmiſſed. They were alſo told, that the King was pleaſed to forgive them for this time the ſtep they had taken, but warned them never to do the like again, on pain of being condemned as rebels to work at the fortifications for life, without hope of pardon. This declaration had the deſired effect; and they have deputed two of their comrades to return thanks to the King for having forgiven their imprudent conduct.

PARIS, *June* 17. Some very conſiderable bankruptcies in the jewellery branch have juſt appeared here: They are ſaid to amount to upwards of three millions.

LONDON.

WESTMINSTER, *June* 9. This day his Majeſty came to the Houſe of Peers, in order to ſign the ſeveral bills that were ready, after which his Majeſty was pleaſed to make the following moſt gracious ſpeech:

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"I cannot put an end to this ſeſſion of Parliament, without expreſſing the ſatisfaction I have felt in obſerving the temper, and the prudence, which have governed all your deliberations during the courſe of it, and without returning you my particular thanks for the freſh proof you have given of your affectionate attachment to me, in the additional ſecurity you have provided for the welfare and honour of my family.

"I can with great pleaſure acquaint you, that the diſpoſitions of the powers of Europe give me the ſtrongeſt reaſon to believe, that this nation will not be diſturbed in the enjoyment of the bleſſings of peace.

"*Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,*

"I thank you heartily for the ſupplies which you have granted with ſo much cheerfulneſs and diſpatch, and for the ample proviſion you have made for every branch of the publick ſervice; and I ſee with pleaſure and approbation, that you have at the ſame time been able, by a proper diſpoſition of the publick money, to make a further progreſs in reducing the national debt.

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"I make no doubt but that you will carry into your reſpective counties the ſame principles, and the ſame zeal for the publick good, which I have experienced from you in Parliament; and that you will continue to exert your beſt endeavours to cultivate and improve a ſpirit of harmony and confidence amongſt all ranks of my faithful ſubjects: let it be your conſtant care to convince them, that without a due reverence for the laws, and a cheerful obedience to juſt authority, neither their civil nor religious rights and liberties can be enjoyed in comfort, or ſecurity; and to aſſure them, that I conſider their intereſts as inſeparably connected with my own, and that I am, and have ever been, perſuaded, that the proſperity and glory of my reign, muſt depend on my poſſeſſing the affection, and maintaining the happineſs of my people."

Then the Lord Chancellor, by his Majeſty's command, ſaid;

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"It is his Majeſty's Royal will and pleaſure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Tueſday the 11th day of Auguſt next, to be then here held; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Tueſday the 11th day of Auguſt next."

June 11. Letters from Spain ſay, that the Governor of a principal province in America was lately brought priſoner from Lima to Cadiz, and ſtrictly guarded to Madrid.

From good authority, it is ſaid, that a late earthquake has deſtroyed all the fortifications about Oran, and made other conſiderable deſtructions along the coaſt of Barbary.

The King of Pruſſia has an army of 60,000 men in the Duchy of Cleves, which adjoins to Holland.

The Spaniards have at this time in the harbour of Cadiz twenty-one men of war, beſides a vaſt number of ſmall veſſels, tranſports, &c. and upwards of 16,000 men are encamped in different parts of that neighbourhood.

Yeſterday the houſe of Meſſ. Neale, James, Fordyce, and Down, Bankers, in Threadneedle-ſtreet, ſtopped payment. The acting partner, it is ſaid, is gone off with a very large ſum of money, and has entirely ſtripped the houſe of the means of immediate payment. This failure has already broke two capital merchants, and is likely to involve many other families in ruin.—The other partners report, that they hope to be able to make good every demand upon the houſe.

It was reported this morning that Mr. Townſend, not contented with the deciſion in the King's Bench, on Tueſday laſt, reſpecting paying the land-tax, is determined to move the cauſe into the Houſe of Lords.

June 12. This morning Mr. Long, private Secretary to Sir Robert Murray Keith, arrived at S. James's from Copenhagen; ſince which it has been reported, that he has brought with him a refutation of all the crimes laid to the charge of the unfortunate Queen, ſigned by his Daniſh Majeſty's own hand.

The news of Meſſ. Neale, Fordyce, James and Down, having ſtopped payment, was received at Edinburgh juſt 43 hours after it happened at London. Edinburgh is diſtant from London about 425 miles.

Extract of a letter from Calcutta, Nov. 5, 1771.

"We arrived at the Cape on the 16th of April; there was then at that place a French ſhip of 64 guns, and four tranſports, full of troops and proviſions. We had accounts lately of their having 10,000 men at the Mauritius: if this be true, we may expect a blow from that quarter. They have in a manner already begun their operations; for the King of Tanjour, at their inſtigation, has of late refuſed to pay his retinue. An army of 10,000 Europeans is irreſiſtible in India.

"The Governor and Council ſeem to be very apprehenſive; they have increaſed the number of workmen at the fort. There is to be a general muſter next Thurſday, when every Engliſhman, from fifteen to ſixty, is to make his appearance."

June 13. Letters from Paris inform, that all the farms of France are now aſſigned over to the Company of Farmers General, for the ſum of 132,250,000 livres.

June 15. The Lords of the Treaſury are ſaid to have reſolved, that the houſes of Ambaſſadors ſhall no longer be ſacred againſt the viſitation of Cuſtom-houſe officers.

"It is more decent (ſaid Lord North) that they ſhould apply to us for protection, than that we ſhould aſk their permiſſion to execute the laws; and Cromwell himſelf was never more anxious for the dignity of the Engliſh name, than I am determined to be, if I continue in the ſervice of his Majeſty."

They write from Genoa, that a great bankruptcy has happened in the moſt capital houſe there, which has thrown every one there into confuſion, and done incredible damage.

It is ſaid that the Banker who abſented had a difference of ten per cent. to pay on a million and a half of India ſtock, of which he had been a Bear for many months paſt.

Since the above abſence, numbers of people have placed their money in the funds, who formerly uſed to truſt their caſh with Bankers.

It is ſaid, the Daniſh Reſident at this Court has received letters of recal, and that he is preparing to ſet out upon his return home.

June 16. Three Scotch Noblemen have determined if poſſible to ſupport the Bank of Edinburgh, for which purpoſe they bind their own reſpective landed eſtates to the amount of 15,000l. ſterling per annum, by way of a ſecurity for 300,000l. which is to be current in London, and is to be ſent by the Directors of the Bank of England to three Noblemen.

It is thought that a Scotch junto, who have reaped ſo great a harveſt from Engliſh noodles in the Alley, have determined to aſſiſt a late defaulter of their country, to ſupport the credit of their nation, and have procured a Receiverſhip in one of the foreign iſlands for him, equal to that given to his brother defaulter Lachlan Macleane.

Since the abſconding of one of the Scotch leaders in the Alley, the Jews begin to recover their ſpirits, and inſiſt, that the Engliſh are not half ſo ſqueezed and plundered by Portugueſe or Dutch Jews, as they are by Scotch Gentiles.

It is reported that the little gambling Baronet has got, in a late ſcramble, forty thouſand pounds of the booty which a Scotch bankrupt lately diſgorged in the Alley.

Anecdote.—A few days before Mr. F. the celebrated Banker, abſented himſelf from buſineſs, he went to Mr. M. a very eminent Merchant, and aſked the loan of 30,000l. Mr. M. did not advance the money; and after Mr. F. had left him, he began to reflect on the circumſtance, and he grew ſomewhat ſuſpicious of Mr. F.'s ſituation and deſigns; and at this inſtant recollecting a friend whom he knew kept caſh at F's houſe, and being rather alarmed for his friend's ſafety, he luckily hit on the following expedient to ſerve him: Mr. M. went to his friend, and pretended to want 8 or 9,000l. his friend ſaid he had 8,000l. at F's Bank, which he ſhould be welcome to, and immediately gave him a draught for the money. The draught was paid, and the next day Mr. F. abſented himſelf. On this, Mr. M. returned his friend the 8,000l. which he had thus ſecured for him, without running the leaſt hazard of injuring Mr. F.'s reputation, had his ſuſpicions proved groundleſs; as, in that caſe, he would never have divulged his doubts or his ſcheme.—The delicacy of this tranſaction cannot be too much applauded.

June 17. A great perſonage has now in his poſſeſſion an exact liſt of all the ſhips of war belonging to every power in Europe, which he has been at much expence to obtain.

It is ſaid, that agents are gone over, to hire two regiments of German troops for the uſe of the Eaſt India Company.

A coalition is ſaid to be on the carpet, under the direction of Lord Mansfield, who had a conference with the Marquis of Rockingham, at his houſe at Wimbledon, on Saturday laſt, ſince which, we hear, the latter has viſited Lord Chatham on the ſame account.

June 18. No leſs than eight capital houſes have already been obliged to ſtop payment on account of the late failure of Mr. Fordyce the Banker.

One gentleman in particular, it is ſaid, had juſt determined to retire from buſineſs with a fortune of 30,000l. but the event has proved, that he unfortunately *built his caſtle in the air.*

Private letters from Madrid adviſe, that the King of Spain is very much diſſatisfied with the conduct of the Court of Verſailles, with reſpect to the Jeſuits; and that his Catholic Majeſty has directed his Ambaſſador at Paris to come forthwith to Madrid, to concert proper meaſures for the utter extirpation of that ſociety, and endeavour to engage the French to concur in this plan more heartily than they have hitherto done.

An evening paper ſays, "It is a real fact that Mr. Morris is married to Miſs Fanny Harford, and they are both in Italy."

June 19. Some advices from Gibraltar ſay, the Emperor of Morocco is dead, and that the young Prince his ſon, who is a mortal enemy to the Spaniards, has mounted the throne in his room.

Authentic letters from Paris declare, that the Sieur Dionis, Member of the Academy at Bourdeaux, has lately invented a veſſel to be rowed with eight oars under water, and that the perſons in the boat are prevented ſuffocation by means of a kind of ethereal liquor, which (when the vital air is become unfit for reſpiration by the cloſeneſs of its confinement) reſtores it to its original ſalutary ſtate, by diſſipating the groſſer exhalations, and throwing them, through a ſpiral tube, into the water. An experiment was made, on the 28th of laſt month, with this extraordinary machine, which we are aſſured, with ten perſons in it, was navigated four hours and an half under water in the Bay of Biſcay, during which time it proceeded five leagues, without any of the parties receiving the leaſt ſupport from the common air.

Orders are given from the Admiralty Office, for building ſix new ſhips of the line; one of 74 guns, at Deptford; two of 70, at Chatham; two of 74, at Portſmouth; and one of 60, at Plymouth.

June 20. Letters from Copenhagen, dated June 2, confirm, that before the Queen Matilda embarked for Stade, she had carried her point so far as to have an annuity for life assured to her of 30,000 rix dollars, which sum, in English money, amounts to 7125l. sterling.

William Eden, Esq; of Lincoln's-Inn, Barrister, and Auditor of Greenwich Hospital, is appointed under Secretary of State in the room of the late Thomas Whately, Esquire.

The madman who formerly cut trees in Kew Gardens, made an attempt, as it is supposed, to assassinate his Majest, in his way from one garden to the other at Kew.—He was, however, fortunately discovered by a treasonable paper he had put into the key hole of the garden door; and being apprehended, three loaded pistols were found upon him, and a clasp knife, with which he wounded one of the keepers of the mad-house.

Letters from Paris say, that 15,000 muskets of a new invention, are finished at Vincennes; they fire 15 times in a minute, carry 900 paces, and weigh nine pounds.

Last Sunday died, at Warrington in Lancashire, Mr. Samuel Fothergill, an eminent preacher among the Quakers, and brother to Dr. Fothergill of this city.

June 24. Came on, at Guildhall, the election for Sheriffs for this city and county of Middlesex for the year ensuing; when Alderman Oliver, and Watkin Lewis, Esq; were returned; but a poll was demanded for Alderman Plumbe. Alderman Kirkman who was likewise a candidate, declined the poll, telling the livery at the same time, that whenever they should choose him, he should be ready to serve them.

June 26. There is an account from Spain, that a dreadful earthquake had almost destroyed the fine city of Manilla, capital of the Philippine isles, in the South Sea.

June 30. The Moors have commenced hostilities against the Dutch, by taking a merchant ship from Amsterdam within sight of Gibraltar. Other accounts say, they have taken above forty ships belonging to the Dutch, and carried the crews into slavery; and that a formidable squadron from Flushing is just upon the point of sailling, in order to make reprisals.

A patent is making out of a Peerage for Sir Robert Keith, lately arrived from Copenhagen.

A gentleman from Paris assures us that the Princes of the blood have signed a protest against the whole proceedings of the court, from June 1771 to this time, and sent it to the King.

It is said as a matter to be depended on, that a commission is now making out appointing his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester Captain General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces.

The commission of bankrupcy against a certain Baronet's house will, it is generally thought, be superseded; and many even talk, that after satisfying all just demands, there will not only be a redundancy of 100,000l. but an estate of 4080l. a year.

Sir George Colebrooke, and Mr. Arnold Nesbit, are gone to Dublin with a large sum of money, we hear to support a bank which they have in that city, and which in the present state of public credit cannot be placed upon too solid a foundation.

July 1. At the final Close of the Poll, this afternoon, at Guildhall, for Sheriffs of this City and County of Middlesex, the numbers stood as follow:

For Mr. Alderman Oliver,	1586
Watkin Lewis, Esq;	1327
Mr. Alderman Plumbe	762

PHILADELPHIA, *August* 20.

Since our last several Persons have been taken up and committed to Jail, on Suspicion of being concerned in the late Robberies in this City.—One John Dennis, on Society-hill, was likewise committed on Suspicion of receiving stolen Goods, great Quantities of which were found secreted in divers Parts of his House.

Extract of a letter from London, dated July 2.

"The great negro cause was determined a few days ago, and the consequence was, the negro obtained his freedom. The poor fellow was present in the court at the decision, as were likewise a great many other blacks, all of whom, as soon as Lord Mansfield had delivered the opinion of the court, came forward, and bowed first to the judges, and then to the bar with symptoms of the most extravagant joy. Who can help admiring the genius of that Goverment, which thus dispenses freedom to all around it? No station or character is above the law, nor is any beneath its protection. The Monarch and the beggar are alike subject to it. *Pauperum tabernæ Regumque turres*, are equally guarded by it."

ANNAPOLIS, SEPTEMBER 3.

On Tuesday last the Theatre in this City was opened, to a brilliant and judicious Assembly, with *Kelly's Word to the Wise*, which was received with the greatest Marks of Approbation.

The Alterations and Improvements since last Season, have made this Theatre the most commodious and elegant of any, that we know of, in *America*.

When the Curtain drew up, the new Scenes painted by Mr. *Richards*, presented themselves to us, and exhibited a View of a superb Apartment, at the End of a fine Colonade of Pilars of the Ionic Order, which, by a happy Disposition of the Lights, had a most pleasing Effect.

The following Occasional Prologue, written by a Gentleman in this City, was spoken by Mr. *Hallam*.

THE various Dangers of the Ocean o'er,
The Sailor hails with Joy his native Shore;
Forgets the Terrors of the Voyage past,
Nor dreads the rising Surge, or thiv'ring Blast.
With equal Transport, We, once more appear,
Before our gen'rous, candid Judges, here;
On our Endeavours still vouchsafe to smile,
So will you amply recompence our Toil;
Boldly we'll aim to learn from Nature's Page,
And strive to emulate the *British* Stage
So much for Us, the Pageants of an Hour,
"Who fret, and strut, and then are heard no more."
A nobler Subject now inspires my Breast,
In ev'ry gen'rous, honest Mind, confest,
I feel the ardent Passion fire my Heart;
Exempt from tragic Pomp, or servile Art.
Long may blest Concord here maintain her Sway,
And radiant Science gild each rising Day;
Whilst Patriots plead, without one private View,
And glorious Liberty alone pursue!
So shall the Mother Isles with Joy approve.
And aid their Offspring with parental Love!

TO THE PRINTERS.

"*Tribuni, Tubæ Seditionis, per Fas atq; Nefas, id egerunt, ut Plebem agitarent, Concionibus atq; Convictis in Patres, omnia turbarent, miscerentq; quo ad Ipsi, pulsis claris Viris, ad summos Honores, summamq; potentiam evadere requiverint. Ita, sub Specie Libertatis, Plebe, quod plerumq; accidit, Ludibris habitâ, Jureque omni pessumdato, Civitas, uti par erat, in Unius Dominationem cessit.*"

Fragm. incerti Auctoris apud Meursium.

I AM a Man much given to Reverie, a Disposition, which, I am apt to think, hath lately grown upon me, from indulging myself in too frequent a Contemplation of the publick Miseries which every thoughtful Mind must presage, from that implacable Spirit of Faction, which hath gone forth, and which seems to gather daily Strength in this infatuated Province. Whilst I was, the other Day, walking in my Chamber, absorb'd in deep Meditation, I insensibly fell into a Comparison of the prosperous Dominion, and total political Extinction of those free States of Antiquity, which had appear'd, at their respective Periods, with such Splendor on the great Theatre of the World, but are at this Time sunk into the very Depths and Darkness of Wretchedness and Slavery, After revolving these Events, and endeavouring with the utmost Agitation of Soul, to explore from what Fountain they had issued, I was fain to conclude, that they could have been produced by no other Cause, but the immediate Operation of that inscrutable Power, who, in the Language of holy Writ, *breaketh in Pieces mighty Men without Number, and setteth others in their Stead.* Job, ch. 34. ver. 24. It is likely that I should have continued in this Sentiment, if I had not casually opened a Volume of *Swift*, wherein that deep Thinker pours all the Light of his admirable Genius to dispel the Obscurity which seemed, at first View, to have settled upon the Subject.

From this Performance, I send you an Extract, to which, as it may be too long to accompany this Preface, you will be pleased to give a Place in your next Gazette. I think it cannot but send back, with a greedy Appetite, to a Perusal of the whole Piece, all those who have any Relish for that exquisite intellectual Repast, which it is the Lot of a very few in every Age to be able to furnish. And if there lives One among us, on whom Nature, Study and Fortune have bestowed Courage, Talents and Leisure, it may chance to rouse him into Action: And such a Spirit, we may fairly hope, though he should not be able effectually to chain up the Plague, will, at least, by bringing Home to the present Posture of our Affairs, some pregnant Crisis in the Fate of those People, who have been demonstrably precipitated on their Ruin by the pernicious Counsels of *professed Patriots*, open such Scenes, and hold up such a Mirror, as cannot fail to inspire the virtuous with Resolution, retard the violent in the Career, and disarm the vizarded Incendiary of half his Power of doing Mischief.

Charles County, CORIOLANUS.
August the 24th, 1772.

TO THE PRINTER.

MR. C——E AGAINST MR. C——E.

AFTER publishing the following, let the Author of it attempt again, if he can, to reconcile his political Character with that of his Profession. Happy had it been for him, to have recollected, ere he made some violent Speeches in the Lower House of Assembly, that he might afterwards be tempted with a Fee, for his Advice *in writing!*—Such, indeed, was the Case, when he gave the Opinion lately published; which was so apparently in Favour of the Clergy. The People, however, were too discerning, not to perceive the Inconsistency and ill Design of their Representative. Accordingly, he was called upon to account for his Conduct.—I need not make use of many Words to inform you how he acquitted himself.—In short, he said that his Opinion was given, on Supposition that the Law of 1702 was in Force; but inasmuch as he believed that Law was not in Force; he could not be justly charged with contributing to the Support of the Cause of the Clergy.

With this Apology all were seemingly satisfied.—But will they not again be alarmed, when they find that Mr. *Chase* had, some Time before then, actually admitted, likewise, the Validity of the above Law? This will appear, plain as the Sun at Noon, from the Opinion below; the Authenticity of which is incontestible. And I defy either Mr. CHASE or any of his Friends to say One Word in his Defence.—Surely, we shall not hear of his *haranguing* again, on the Occasion. If so; the Ears of my Countrymen, I trust, will be callous as the Grave. Wronged in their Confidence, they can and will judge now for themselves, from the plain Circumstances which have been honestly laid before them. They will assert their Right to Reason; and no longer be hoodwinked. They will prove themselves Men.

A COUNTRYMAN.

THE Rev. Mr. *Barclay* has stated to me, that he was inducted by the late Governor, Mr. *Sharpe*, to *St. Peter's* Parish, in *Talbot* County, some Time in May 1762; and received his Dues from the Time of his Induction to the first Day of *November* following; and from that Day yearly to the first of *November* 1769; that the Inspection Law expired on the 20th of *October* 1770; that he remains to this Time Incumbent of that Parish.

I have perused Mr. *Barclay's* Instructions to Mr. *Thomas Sherwood*, Sheriff of *Talbot*.

Mr. *Barclay* has applied to me for my Opinion what he is entitled to receive from the Sheriff for the Year 1770.

I am clearly of Opinion, that every Taxable in *St. Peter's* Parish, not making Oath, and lodging a Certificate as directed by the late Inspection Law, was Debtor such a Proportion of Thirty Pounds of inspected Tobacco as the Time from the first of *November* to the twentieth of *October* bears to the entire Year. And from each Taxable complying with the Directions of that Act, the *Same Proportion* at 12/6 per Hundred; and that after the twentieth of *October*, the Expiration of that Law, Mr. *Barclay* is ENTITLED TO RECEIVE UNDER THE LAW OF 1702; or in short, that he is entitled to be paid for *that Part* of the Year agreable to the late Inspection Law. But I am of Opinion that as the taxable Inhabitants of Mr. *Barclay's* Parish had it not in their Power, from the Circumstance of the Expiration of the Law, to pay the Sheriff in Inspector Notes, that Mr. *Barclay* can only recover from the Sheriff what, on a Trial, the Jury shall ascertain the Value of inspected Tobacco to have been at the Time it was due.

I am of Opinion that Mr. *Barclay* may sue at Law on Mr. *Sherwood's* Sheriff's Bond, or may sue him alone in an Action for Tobacco and Money had and received to his Use; and I am at present of Opinion, that he may sue him to account in the Court of Chancery; but of this I am not fully satisfied.

Annapolis, April 3d, 1772. SAMUEL CHASE.

THE Second Lot from the Eastern Branch Bridge to be sold to the highest Bidder, on Saturday the 26th Day of *September* next ensuing, with all the Improvements thereon; A Dwelling House 28 Feet by 20, Three Rooms on the lower Floor, Two above; a Kitchen 16 Feet by 12 joining the House, a good Cellar the Bigness of the House, will contain 50 Hogsheads; a Meat House 12 Feet by 12; a Garden of Good Ground: All in good Order. All for Cash or good Bills of Exchange. The Title indisputable. (w6)

WAIT STILL SINGLETON CHURCH.

Just imported, in the Nancy, *Capt.* Hoy, *from* London, *and to be sold by the Subscribers, at their Store on the Front of the Dock in* Annapolis, *wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable Terms, for ready Money or on short Credit,*

A LARGE and general Assortment of *European* and *East India* Goods, suitable to the approaching Season, in which there is great Variety and Choice.

WALLACE, DAVIDSON and JOHNSON.

Annapolis, September 2, 1772.

JUST IMPORTED FROM IRELAND,

A PARCEL of *Irish* Linens, which will be sold at a very low Advance: They were bought for ready Money and are exceeding cheap, so that I can afford to sell them on better Terms than any that can be imported from *London*: As I have engaged to leave this Place by the 10th of next Month, I will sell what Goods I have on Hand on the most advantageous Terms to the Purchaser, either wholesale or retale.

JOHN GALLOWAY.

IN the Month of *May* 1770, and I believe the 29th Day of said Month, I passed a Bond with Mr. *Townly Bruce* my Security, to Mr. *Walter Clements* Son of *Jacob*, of *Charles* County, conditioned to pay the said *Walter*, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, the Sum of Ninety-three Pounds Currency: which said Sum has been paid to the said *Walter Clements* on my Account, by Mess. *John Barnes* and *Thomas Howe Ridgate*, Merchants in *Port-Tobacco*; and as the said *Walter* refuses to deliver up said Bond, pretending it is not paid off. This is to forewarn all Persons whatsoever from taking an Assignment thereof, as I will not pay any Part or Parcel of said Bond, the same having been already discharged in Manner above-mentioned. JOHN MADDOX.

I hereby certify, that on the 29th *May* 1770, Mr. *John Maddox* left Credit to Mr. *Walter Clements* Son of *Jacob*, for Ninety-three Pounds Currency, on the Books of Mess. *Barnes* and *Ridgate* at their Store in *Port-Tobacco*, which said Sum was left by Consent of the said *Walter*, and in full of the Bond abovementioned, as appears by said Books; the said *Walter* having, on the 29th Day of *May* aforesaid, ordered the following Payments to be made on his Account by the said *Barnes* and *Ridgate*, *viz.* To *Daniel Jenifer*, Esq; 25l. Currency, to the Estate of *Ignatius Middleton* 9l. 14s. 5d. Currency; and it further appears on the said Books, that the said *Walter* was at that Time, and still is, indebted to the said *Barnes* and *Ridgate* a Balance, after allowing him for the said Credit of 93l. Currency; (3w)

22d *August* 1772. ZEPH. TURNER.

Mr. WALL, COMEDIAN,

Engages to teach Ladies and Gentlemen to play on the

GUITTAR and MANDOLIN.

HIS Terms are One Guinea Entrance, and the same Sum for every Eight Attendances. Those who think proper to employ him, by sending their Commands to his Lodgings, at Mr. *Lindsay's*, near the Town Gate, will be immediately waited on.

September 1, 1772.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Mr. *John Cox*, late of *Prince George*'s County, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate Payment; likewiſe thoſe who have any Claims againſt the Eſtate are requeſted to bring them in legally proved, and they ſhall be paid. (3w)

SARAH COX, Adminiſtratrix.

June 8, 1772.

WHEREAS a Commiſſion iſſued from *Frederick* County Court, at the Inſtance of *John Fletchall*, empowering us the Subſcribers to examine Evidences to prove and perpetuate the Bounds of a certain Tract of Land, lying in the County aforeſaid, called *Poor Tom's laſt Shift*, or the Bounds of any other Land whereon the ſame may depend: We do therefore give this publick Notice, that, on Friday the 25th day of *September* next, we intend to meet on the ſaid Land, in Order to examine all ſuch Evidences as ſhall be offered to us.

NATH. MAGRUDER A.
ZACH. MAGRUDER,
NATH. MAGRUDER N.
HEZ. MAGRUDER.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away the 23d of *Auguſt* from the Subſcriber, living in *Prince-George*'s County, near *Bladenſburg*, the Two following Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

JOHN RICHARDSON, born in the Country of *England*, underſtands reaping, mowing and ditching, about 35 or 40 Years of Age, a thin, ſpare, ſwarthy Fellow, about 6 Feet high, one of his Knees ſtands a little in: He had on and carried away with him an old Caſtor Hat, a white Wig, a Dowlas Shirt, an Oſnabrig ditto, a Pair of Oſnabrig Trouſers, a Pair of old blue Cloth Breeches, an old Linen Jacket lined with Flannel, Three Pair of old Worſted Stockings, a Pair of old Shoes with Holes cut in the Tops of them for Corns on his Feet, and a Bundle with ſome Things unknown.

JAMES MARSHMAN, 30 or 35 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, a very down looking Fellow, pitted with the Small-Pox: Had on when he went away an old Caſtor Hat, ſhort Hair, an old brown Cloth Coat, a Dowlas Shirt, an Oſnabrig ditto, a Pair of Crocus Trouſers, and a Pair of old Shoes with Nails in the Bottoms of them.—It is thought they will make for the Water.——Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servants, ſo that they may be had again, ſhall receive Forty Shillings Reward for each if 20 Miles from Home, or the above Reward if out of the Province, paid by

(w3) BENJAMIN BERRY, jun.

Bladenſburg, July 24, 1772.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Bladenſburg*, a Mulatto Slave called CHARLES, about 14 Years old, near 5 Feet 3 Inches high, ſlender made: Had on when he went off a blue Cotton Coat and Breeches (the Coat was turned up with yellow Cotton and the Button holes of the Breeches and Coat were worked with yellow Mohair), a yellow Cotton Jacket, new Felt Hat and new Shoes: Took with him a black pacing Horſe, about 14 Hands 1 Inch high, has a large Lump on his Back, which may probably turn to a Sore. The Boy has paſſed under a Pretence of waiting upon

ANDREW SCOTT.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Brig *Friendſhip*, at *Baltimore*, on the 27th of *June* laſt, a *Bermudan* Negro Fellow named TOBY; is about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, well made, and ſpeaks good *Engliſh*: He carried with him 2 or 3 Check and Oſnabrig Shirts and Trouſers. He will endeavour to get to *Bermudas* or ſome of the *Weſt Indian* Iſlands. The above Reward will be paid, upon ſecuring him in any of the Jails of *Pennſylvania* or *Maryland*, or upon Proof made of any Maſter of a Veſſel having carried him off, by applying to Meſſ. *David Spreat* and Co. Merchants in *Philadelphia*, or Meſſ. *Samuel* and *Robert Purviance*, Merchant in *Baltimore*.

(4w) JAMES PATERSON.

COMMITTED to *Anne-Arundel* County Jail, as Runaways, the Two following Perſons, *viz.*

JAMES MARSHAM, about 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, born in the Weſt of *England* and ſpeaks in that Dialect: Had on when committed, an old brown Cloth Coat, coarſe Trouſers and Shirt, no Shoes, Stockings or Hat, ſays he belongs to *Zachariah Berry* in *Prince George*'s County, and that he has been in the Country about Six Weeks.

JOHN WILLIAMSON, a Companion of the above *James Marſham*, but will not own his Maſter: His Cloathing is an old Hat, white Wig, a Linen ſhort Coat and Jacket of the ſame with Lining and Back of reddiſh coloured Woollen Cloth, coarſe Trouſers, *&c.* Their Maſters are deſired to take them away and pay Charges to JOHN CLAPHAM, Sheriff.

N. B. Said *Williamſon* ſays he was bred to the Sea.

By the Provincial Court, April Term, 1772.

ORDERED, That the ſeveral High Sheriffs within this Province do for the future attend in Perſon the Firſt Week of the ſaid Courts.

Per Order,

REVERDY GHISELIN, Clerk.

THIS is to give Notice, that the Fulling Mill on the main Falls of *Patapſco*, near *Benjamin Hood*'s Mill, formerly belonging to *Edward How*, now belongs to *Thomas Williamſon*; which Mill is new built, and in good Order for fulling. All thoſe that will favour me with their Buſineſs that Way, may depend on having it dreſſed in the beſt Manner, from the coarſeſt to the fineſt that can be made, and have it dyed the beſt of Colours, as they may think proper to direct, on reaſonable Terms, by

(w3) FRANCIS BLACKBURN.

Auguſt 26, 1772.

To be ſold on the Premiſes, by the Subſcribers, at publick Vendue, on Monday *the 21ſt of* September *next*,

A TRACT of Land, ſituated near *Queen-Anne*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, containing 177 Acres, of which there are about 10 Acres of Meadow Ground cleared, and as much more may be eaſily made with little Expence. The Soil is good for planting. There are on ſaid Land, a Dwelling Houſe, Kitchen, and Quarter, with ſeveral Out Houſes, Two Tobacco Houſes, with an excellent Apple Orchard for Fruit, of which may be made annually from 4 to 6 Thouſand Gallons of Cider. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may view the Land any Time before the Day of Sale, by applying to the Subſcribers, near the Premiſes.

(w3) JOHN HAMS,
T. WATKINS, jun.

N. B. The Sale will begin at 12 o'Clock.

To be ſold, at publick Sale, on Thurſday the 17th Day of September *next, at the Houſe belonging to the late Mr.* Jordan,

A PARCEL of Houſhold and Kitchen Furniture, belonging to *Philip Thomas Lee*, Eſq; conſiſting of Mahogany Dining-Tables, and Card-Tables, Mahogany Chairs and Bedſteads, large Looking-Glaſſes, with gilt Frames, and many other Articles of genteel Furniture. The Kitchen Furniture is exceedingly well aſſorted, with many conveniencies not commonly to be met with. There are likewiſe ſeveral Cheſts of Drawers, and a Mahogany Writing Deſk. Alſo, a handſome Chariot, not much worſe for wear, with a Box and Harneſs for Four Horſes. The Sale will continue from Day to Day until all is ſold, and the Goods may be viewed by Application, at Meſſ. *James Dick* and *Stewart*'s Store, any Time before the Day of Sale.

THE Match between Mr. *Delancy*'s Horſe *Lath* and Col. *Lloyd*'s Mare *Nancy Bywell* is altered to the 26th of *September*.

THE Subſcriber gives this Notice to Gentlemen who attend the enſuing Provincial Court, that he intends taking Horſes to Paſture, having very good Oats, Hay, Paſturage and Stabling, and a careful Perſon to look after Horſes. Thoſe Gentlemen who ſend their Horſes may have them fed agreeable to their Orders, and at a cheaper Rate than in Town.

(3w) HENRY GASSAWAY.

Prince George's County, *Auguſt* 19, 1772.

Committed to my Cuſtody as Runaways,

RICHARD PENDERGEST, a good looking Fellow, about 21 Years of Age, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, dark Hair, which he wears ſhort and curled: Has on a blue Slop Jacket, Check Shirt (and has Three white ones with him in a Wallet) Oſnabrig Trouſers, a good Caſtor Hat, is (by his Dialect) an *Iriſhman*, and ſays he came from on Board the *Gibraltar* Man of War, at *Charles-Town, South Carolina*.

WILLIAM OSBORNE, an *Engliſhman*, about 21 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, wears his Hair, which is light coloured, very ſhort and curled a little: Has on an old Fuſtian or Jeans Coat and Breeches, white Shirt and Muſlin Neckcloth, a Pair of brown Thread Hoſe marked WB, half worn Shoes nailed on the Heels, and a Felt Hat almoſt new. Says he came into *Rappahannock* about 6 Weeks ago, in the *Thornton*, Capt. *Kidd*, and that he, with 3 others, ran away from the Perſon that purchaſed them on their Way Home from the Ship.

Theſe Two Men were committed the ſame Day from diſtant Parts of the County, and, though they do not acknowledge an Acquaintance, may probably be Two of the Six advertized in the *Virginia* Gazette, as run away from the *Thornton* Capt. *Kidd*.

(2w) RALPH FORSTER, Sheriff.

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from London *and* Briſtol, *and to be ſold by the Subſcribers, at their Store (lately occupied by* Thomas Williams *and Com.) on the Dock, in* Annapolis, *by Wholeſale or Retail*,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *European* and *India* Goods, ſuitable to the different Seaſons: They have likewiſe, Wine, Rum, Melaſſes, Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Myrtle Wax, *&c. &c.* All which will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, for Caſh, Wheat, *Indian* Corn, or ſhort Credit.

6w JOSEPH & JAMES WILLIAMS.

N. B. The late Partnerſhip of *Thomas Williams* and Com. is now expired. All Perſons indebted to the late Com. are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, to *Joſeph* and *James Williams*, who are impowered to receive and ſettle all Accounts relative thereto

Annapolis, Auguſt 3, 1772.

TAKEN up by the Subſcribers, a ſmall *Virginia* Clinker built Yawl, about Ten Feet Keel, with a new Stem, Lining and Breaſt Hook in her. Whoever owns her may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges to

JOSEPH MIDDLETON,
EDWARD THOMPSON.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Raitt*, near *William Duvall*'s, on *Linganore*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a bay Horſe, about Twelve and a Half Hands [illegible], and about Sixteen Years old, has not any Br[illegible] has a white Spot on his near Buttock, and a S[illegible] Forehead.

The Owner may have [illegible] proving Property and paying Charges.

Dumfries, July 25, 1772.

IT was expected and hoped from the Propoſal I, with the Advice of ſuch Creditors, as I had the Opportunity of conſulting, made to my Creditors generally, to ſatisfy their different Claims by the Proſecution of my Eſtate, and which was ſent round to them, requeſting a Meeting of them, the 20th Inſt. for the farther Regulation thereof, that it would then have ſucceeded and been finally concluded, but it being ſtill neglected, and the Meeting in conſequence thereof, has not been ſo full as is thought neceſſary: It is again adviſed and directed by the Creditors now preſent at a Meeting of all of them, that can be collected to conſult thereon, that I again publickly advertiſe a general Meeting of all of my Creditors, on Thurſday the 10th Day of *September* next, here at *Dumfries*, to agree upon a Plan for the proſecuting thereof and carrying on of my Works; that whatever Method is agreed to by a Majority of the Creditors then preſent, or their Subſtitutes, will then be finally agreed to by me, and be entered into by thoſe Creditors, according to the then propoſed Regulations, and that thoſe Creditors, who do not by that Time acquieſce thereto, and join with the other Creditors according, ſhall be excluded from the Produce ariſing from the Eſtate, until thoſe then agreeing are fully ſatisfied their whole Claims againſt the Eſtate; as the Matter has been too long neglected, greatly to the Prejudice of the Eſtate and Intereſt of the Creditors: It's begged and hoped that a full and general Meeting of all concerned will then be had, or Subſtitutes appointed by thoſe who cannot attend to act therein.

(3w) JOHN SEMPLE.

N. B. My Accounts with Mr. *James Lawſon* will in a few Days be adjuſted.

To be ſold at publick Sale, purſuant to the Will of Alexander Ferguſon, *deceaſed, on Thurſday the 24th of* September *next, for ready Money*,

SUNDRY Houſes and Lots, lying in *London-Town*, belonging to the deceaſed. The Premiſes will be ſhewn to any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, by Mr. *Robert M'Gachen*, at Meſſ. *James Dick* and *Stewart*'s *Store*, at *London-Town*, or by Mrs. *Elizabeth Ferguſon*, living near the Premiſes.

ANTHONY STEWART, Executor.

To be ſold at Vendue, on Monday the Fourteenth of September *next, at the Coffee-Houſe in* Annapolis, *in the Afternoon*,

A LOT of Ground in the City of *Annapolis*, lately the Property of Capt. *James Reith*, deceaſed, whereon are a neat Brick Dwelling-Houſe, a good Stone Kitchen, and ſundry other valuable Improvements; for ready Current Money, or good *London* Bills of Exchange. Any Perſon inclinable to Purchaſe, may view the Premiſes at any Time before the Sale, applying to

JAMES WILLIAMS, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. All Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of the ſaid *James Reith*, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and all thoſe who have Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to bring them in, legally proved, that they may be adjuſted. (t.f.) J. W.

May 4, 1772.

RAN away from the Ship *Molly*, *William Maynard* Commander, then lying at *Benedict*, Two indented Servant Men; the one named ROBERT CUMMINS, by Trade a Barber and Peruke maker, is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own Hair of a light Colour tied behind: Had on when he went away, a dark brown Coat and Buckſkin Breeches, and a Hat covered with Oilſkin. The other named RICHARD JONES, by Trade a Houſe Carpenter and Joiner, about the ſame Height as the former, wears his own dark Hair, and is pitted with the Small-Pox: Had on a light coloured Coat and dirty Buckſkin Breeches. Whoever takes up the above Servants, and ſecures them in any Jail within this Province, ſhall receive Three Pounds Reward, or Thirty Shillings for either, beſides what the Law allows; and if taken out of the Province Five Pounds for both, or in Proportion, and reaſonable Charges if brought to *Annapolis*. JOHN CLAPHAM.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living about 10 Miles from *Bladenſburg*, a Convict Servant Man named THOMAS BAILEY, about 27 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, fair Complexion, light coloured ſhort Hair, ſpeaks pretty broad, and has a Scar on one of his Arms: Had on and took with him when he went away, a Holland Shirt pretty fine, an Oſnabrig ditto, a ſtriped Lincey Jacket, a brown Cloth ditto, both without Sleeves, an old brown Cloth Coat much torn, a Linen Frock much daubed with Tar, a Pair of old black Cloth Breeches torn at the Knees, old Crocus Trouſers patch'd with new Crocus at the Knees, 2 or 3 Pair of old Yarn Stockings, a ſmall Felt Hat, a Pair of new Shoes, old ditto with Hobnails in the Heels, a Pair of Braſs Shoe Buckles, and a Pair of plated ditto. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter gets him again, if taken up in *Prince-George*'s County ſhall have 20 Shillings, if out of the County 40 Shillings, if 50 Miles from Home 50 Shillings, and if out of the Province Three Pounds, paid by

(w4) CHRISTOPHER HYTCH.

POETS CORNER.

IT is requeſted that ſome profound Scholiaſt will undertake to explain the following metrical Soliloquy, which is ſhrewdly conjectured to contain ſomething in it very deep and curious: but no one, who is not conſcious to himſelf of extraordinary penetration, needs attempt it; as it has already baffled all the Tortures of many ſagacious Ænigmatalogiſts.

Quoad Tempus verſus *Quantum meruit.*

" *Omnis Vis, omnis Lepos, atque omne Argumentum in* TO'
" Quod *verſantur*.——Burgerſdic. in Ariſtot. Categ.

" I Am clearly of Opinion, that
" An Intereſt which is acquired under
" A ſubſiſting temporary Law, does
" Not drop, upon the Expiration
" Of the Law: and that Mr. B***lay's Claim
" Of Dues for the Year Seventeen Hundred
" And ſeventy, *quoad* the Time the Law
" Subſiſted, muſt be directed by that
" Law.—And I am alſo of Opinion,
" That *quoad* the Time 'twixt the Expiration
" Of the Law, and the firſt of November
" Seventeen hundred and ſeventy, Mr. B***lay
" Is intitled generally to *To-*
" bacco, by Virtue of the Act in One
" Thouſand, ſeven hundred and two:
" Provided that Act has the Force of a
" Subſiſting Law; if not, that then, *Quoad*
" Such Time, He is entitled only to a *Quantum meruit* for his Services.
" The Caſe being thus circumſtanced, I am
" Under much Difficulty, as to the
" Queſtion, whether an Action will lie
" Againſt the Sheriff upon his Office-
" Bond. When an Act of Parliament gives a
" Particular Remedy, that Remedy ceaſes
" When the Law expires. The Inſpection Law
" Impower'd the Sheriff to levy the
" Clergy's Dues by Execution. While this
" Law ſubſiſted, the Sheriff had a com-
" petent Remedy to enforce a Payment:
" And therefore, upon that Principle, He was
" Chargeable, upon Default of Collection.
" But, when the Law fell, this Authority
" Of the Sheriff determined: how then can
" The Sheriff be chargeable, when the legal
" Means are wanting, to enable Him to
" Compel a Payment of the Dues? As to
" The Act of Aſſembly of Seventeen hundred
" And two, I am clear in my Opinion,
" That the Authority given by that
" Act, to levy by Execution,
" Cannot extend to Dues payable under
" The late Inſpection-Law: for theſe are
" Differently circumſtanc'd, and of a
" Different Nature from the Dues payable
" Under the Act in Seventeen hundred and two.
" The Dues under the Law, were payable
" Totally in Tobacco, and at Forty
" Per Poll; and the Sheriff there only could
" Proceed to Execution, when the
" Party fail'd in ſuch Payment, in ſuch *To-*
" bacco, and in ſuch Quantity per Poll.
" But the Dues under the late Inſpection-
" Law are payable in inſpected *Tobac-*
" co, at thirty per Poll, or in Money
" At three Shillings and ninepence. Can the Sher-
" iff, by Virtue of the Act of ſeventeen
" Hundred and two, proceed to Execu-
" tion for ſuch Dues? The Aſſembly when
" They fram'd the Inſpection-Law, being
" Aware of this Difficulty, and rightly
" Conceiving that the Change of the Clergy's
" Dues into a different Species of
" Payment, wou'd require a freſh Proviſion
" For the Recovery of Them, re-en-
" acted the Remedy by Execution.
" If different Ideas had been en-
" tertain'd, this Proviſion wou'd have been
" Nugatory. Again, by the Inſpection-
" Law, the Party indebted has an Al-
" ternative, to ſuffer his Perſon, or
" His Effects to be executed for
" Dues payable under that Law: by
" The Law ſeventeen hundred and two, no
" Such Alternative is given, but the
" Perſon of the Party is, at all E-
" vents, liable: This Alternative may
" Be conſidered as an Intereſt acquired
" By the Party indebted, and therefore
" No Authority can be legally
" Exerciſed, which would eventually
" Strip him of it.—But, admit the Fact, that
" The Sheriff's Authority to levy,
" By Execution, was actually
" Subſiſting; upon what Principles can
" He proceed to apportion Mr.
" B***lay's Dues, or demand ſo much *Quoad*
" The Time the Law ſubſiſted; and ſo much
" *Quoad* the Deficiency of the Year?
" After collecting the Dues *quoad* the
" Law ſubſiſted: how can the
" Sheriff aſcertain preciſely the Re-
" ſidue, or, in any Manner, come at
" The Balance, without aſſuming an ar-
" bitrary Valuation of Tobacco?
" As to Tobacco, or Money, already
" Collected upon voluntary Payments,
" There can be no Doubt but the Shrieve
" Is anſwerable, at Law, by a Suit
" Upon his Bond. Mr. B***lay ſtates his Caſe,
" That there was no Aſſeſſment by the Juſ-
" tices of the County Court; and that the
" Common Uſage and Practice of the Coun-
" ty, has been to collect without an Aſ
" ſeſſment. How far Practice and Uſage may
" Influence the Caſe, I cannot ſay: But,
" I am ſtrongly inclined to believe, that
" Without ſuch Aſſeſſment the Sheriff has
" No Authority to levy the Dues of
" The Clergy by Execution.
" To ſum up all Circumſtances, *quoad* the Caſe,
" The Queſtion, as plain as the Noſe in your Face,
" Is this: What Expedient ſhall Mr B***lay
" Now fall on, his Dues to make People pay?
" I judge he has no legal Remedy,
" But muſt fly for Relief to the Chancery.
" And I think moreover that all his Pariſhioners
" Are alike in the ſame Condition as
" The Sheriff: that is, I mean, truly to ſay,
" Being ſubject the thirty per Poll *for* to pay
" Muſt be Parties in the Bill in Chancery.
" The Bill may regularly (don't mind the Size)
" Every Blood and Ounds of the Parties comprize."

TORPEDO.

N. B. The Manuſcript, from which the above Copy is faithfully tranſcribed, verbatim, ſyllabatim & propè Punctuatim, was found among the KEIMELIA of a celebrated Virtuoſo lately deceaſed. It has ſuffered the Injuries neither of Time nor Accident, in any Particular, excepting in one ſingle Word, which We conjecture to be a proper Name, but which, however, We have not ventur'd to fill up. R. C.

BENJAMIN SPRIGG & JOHN DONALDSON, *Tailors, Habit-makers, and Stay-makers, from* London,

TAKE this Method of informing the Publick, that they continue the tailoring Buſineſs in all its Branches, at their Shop, at Mr. *Charles Bryan*'s, in *Annapolis*, and that they have ſupplied themſelves with the beſt Materials for carrying on the ſtay-making Buſineſs, for which they deem themſelves well qualified. Thoſe Ladies who may pleaſe to favour them with their Cuſtom, may rely on being faithfully ſerved on the ſhorteſt Notice, and moſt reaſonable Terms, for ready Money only, of which a great deal is neceſſary in carrying on that Buſineſs to any Extent, and their Capital is not ſufficient to afford Credit. w3

There is juſt imported by the Subſcriber, and to be ſold at Mr. Colin Campbell's *Store*, Annapolis, *for ready Money only*,

A LARGE and valuable Collection of well choſen Books, amongſt which are

Fielding's Works, 12 Vol. Shakeſpear's Works, 8 Vol. Swift's Works, 8 Vol. Spectator, 8 Vol. Tatler, 5 Vol. Rambler, 4 Vol. World, 3 Vol. Guardian, 3 Vol. Rollin's Belles Lettres, 4 Vol. Macauly's Hiſtory of England, 4 Vol. Pope's Works, 6 Vol. Pope's Homer's Iliad and Odyſſy, 4 Vol. Hervey's Works, 6 Vol. Hull's Contemplations, 3 Vol. Salmon's Geographical Grammar. Vertot's Knights of Malta, 5 Vol. Fool of Quality, 5 Vol. Gil Blas, 4 Vol. Don Quixotte, 4 Vol. *&c. &c. &c.*

With a large Aſſortment of the beſt Engliſh Plays.

(t.f.) WILLIAM AIKMAN.

JAMES DICK and STEWART *Have for* SALE,

A FEW Groſs of Choice Port Wine, and ſome ſuperfine Flour by the Barrel.

Frederick County, *Maryland.*

SKIPTON RACES.

To be run for at Skipton, *on Tueſday the* 15*th of* September,

A PURSE of Twenty Pounds, free for any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, the beſt of Three Three Mile Heats, to carry Weight, for Inches, *viz.* A Horſe, &c. of 14 Hands high, to carry 126 Pounds, Saddle and Bridle included, and to raiſe and fall 14 Pounds the firſt Inch, and 7 Pounds for every Inch they may be higher or lower.

On Wedneſday the 16th, at the ſame Place, will be run for, a Purſe of Ten Pounds, with the Entrance Money of the firſt Day added, free for any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, the beſt of Three Three Mile Heats, to carry 9 Stone, Bridle and Saddle included.

On Thurſday the 17th, at the ſame Place, will be run for, the Entrance Money of the ſecond Day, a Sweep-Stakes, blooded Horſes excepted.

The Horſes for the firſt and ſecond Day to be entered with *Moſes Rawlings*, on Monday the 14th of *September*, and to pay, if a Subſcriber, One Shilling in the Pound, if not, Two Shillings, and if at the Poſt double, the winning Horſe, &c. the firſt Day only excepted.

Proper Judges will be appointed to determine all Diſputes that may ariſe. (w4)

Baltimore County, *Auguſt* 10, 1772.

THE Adminiſtrators to the Eſtate of the late Rev. *Andrew Lendrum*, of *St. George*'s Pariſh, deſire all Perſons who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate to bring or ſend in their ſeveral Claims, and all thoſe who ſtand indebted in the Books of the deceaſed, by Bond, Note, or Account, are requeſted to come forthwith, and ſettle and diſcharge the ſame, or they will be proceeded againſt (without reſpect to Perſons) as the Law directs, by

ROBERT LENDRUM,
w4 JOHN LEE WEBSTER

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

Frederickſburg, June 26, 1772.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on Tueſday the 9th Inſt. a Convict Servant Man, named *William Jenkins*, by Trade a Cabinetmaker, he is about Forty-five Years of Age, about Five Feet One or Two Inches high, is of a fair Complexion, wears his own Hair, which is ſhort and gray: He carried with him, an old dark gray Kerſey Coat, Oſnabrig Shirt and Trouſers; as he has been on board ſeveral of his Majeſties Ships, he will very likely endeavour to get on board ſome Veſſel as a Sailor. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and conveys him to me, ſhall have the above Reward. 3w THOMAS MILLER.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Morgan's Run*, near *Little Pipe Creek* in *Baltimore* County, *Maryland*, an *Iriſh* Convict Servant Man, named JAMES RILEY, about 30 Years of Age, a ſtout well ſet Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, round ſhouldered, ſhort ſandy coloured Hair trimmed on the Top of his Head, red Beard, gray Eyes, down Look, ſlow in Speech, and has loſt the little Finger of his left Hand: Had on and took with him, a light mixed coloured Broad Cloth Coat with yellow Buttons, which has been turned and the Pockets moved from the Side to the Folds, Leather Breeches patched in the Crotch, a Holland Shirt and Jacket, a Pair of Thread Stockings, a Pair of white Worſted ditto, black in the Grain Shoes with plain Silver Buckles, Felt Hat trimmed round the Edge, black Barcelona Stock with a plain Copper Buckle. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, ſhall have, if taken 50 Miles from Home 5 Pounds, if 100 Miles 5 Pounds, if 150 Miles 7 Pounds 10 Shillings, if 200 Miles 10 Pounds, and if 300 Miles the above Reward (including what the Law allows) if brought Home, paid by

(w6) RICHARD OWINGS, Son of Samuel.

Piſcataway, Auguſt 6, 1772.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *George Hardey*, late of *Prince George*'s County, deceaſed, are deſired to pay off their Accounts before the Firſt of *October*, and all thoſe who have any Claim againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in legally proved, that they may be paid off.

LUCY HARDEY, } Exrs.
THOMAS DENT. }

N. B. Notice is alſo given to all Perſons indebted to the late concern of *Hardey* and *Dent*, to pay off their Accounts or ſettle them, by giving Bond with Security if required, to the ſurviving Partner before the Firſt Day of *October*, otherwiſe they may depend on being warranted or ſued.

THOMAS DENT.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper Bonds annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.